Chemistry 115 Name

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Exam 2b October 9, 2013

 Multiple Choice (30 points)

 Nomenclature (12 points)

 Page 5 (18 points)

 Page 6 (23 points)

 Page 7 (18 points)

 Total (101 points)

All work must be shown to receive credit. Give all answers to the correct number of significant figures

$$℉=\left(℃×\frac{180℉}{100℃}\right)+32℉$$

$$℃=\left(℉-32℉\right)\frac{100℃}{180℉}$$

$$K=℃+273$$

454 g = 1 lb

2.54 cm = 1 in

946 mL = 1 qt

Avogadro’s number -- 6.022 x 1023 /mol

Grossmont College

Periodic Table

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  IA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VIIA | NOBLE GASES |
| 1**H**1.008 | IIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | IIIA | IVA | VA | VIA | 1**H**1.008 | 2**He**4.002 |
| 3**Li**6.941 | 4**Be**9.012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5**B**10.81 | 6**C**12.01 | 7**N**14.01 | 8**O**16.00 | 9**F**19.00 | 10**Ne**20.18 |
| 11**Na**23.00 | 12**Mg**24.30 | IIIB | IVB | VB | VIB | VIIB |  VIII VIII VIII | IB | IIB | 13**Al**27.00 | 14**Si**28.09 | 15**P**30.97 | 16**S**32.06 | 17**Cl**35.45 | 18**Ar**39.95 |
| 19**K**39.10 | 20**Ca**40.08 | 21**Sc**44.96 | 22**Ti**47.90 | 23**V**50.94 | 24**Cr**52.00 | 25**Mn**54.94 | 26**Fe**55.85 | 27**Co**58.93 | 28**Ni**58.70 | 29**Cu**63.55 | 30**Zn**65.38 | 31**Ga**69.72 | 32**Ge**72.59 | 33**As**74.92 | 34**Se**78.96 | 35**Br**79.90 | 36**Kr**83.80 |
| 37**Rb**85.47 | 38**Sr**87.62 | 39**Y**88.91 | 40**Zr**91.22 | 41**Nb**92.91 | 42**Mo**95.94 | 43**Tc**(99) | 44**Ru**101.1 | 45**Rh**102.9 | 46**Pd**106.4 | 47**Ag**107.9 | 48**Cd**112.4 | 49**In**114.8 | 50**Sn**118.7 | 51**Sb**121.8 | 52**Te**127.6 | 53**I**126.9 | 54**Xe**131.3 |
| 55**Cs**132.9 | 56**Ba**137.3 | 57**La**138.9 | 72**Hf**178.5 | 73**Ta**180.9 | 74**W**183.9 | 75**Re**186.2 | 76**Os**190.2 | 77**Ir**192.2 | 78**Pt**195.1 | 79**Au**197.0 | 80**Hg**200.6 | 81**Tl**204.4 | 82**Pb**207.2 | 83**Bi**209.0 | 84**Po**(209) | 85**At**(210) | 86**Rn**(222) |
| 87**Fr**(223) | 88**Ra**226.0 | 89**Ac**227.0 | 104**Rf**(261) | 105**Db**(262) | 106**Sg**(263) | 107**Bh**(262) | 108**Hs**(265) | 109**Mt**(266) | 110**??**(269) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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| 58**Ce**140.1 | 59**Pr**140.9 | 60**Nd**144.2 | 61**Pm**(147) | 62**Sm**150.4 | 63**Eu**152.0 | 64**Gd**157.3 | 65**Tb**158.9 | 66**Dy**162.5 | 67**Ho**164.9 | 68**Er**167.3 | 69**Tm**168.9 | 70**Yb**173.0 | 71**Lu**175.0 |
| 90**Th**232.0 | 91**Pa**231.0 | 92**U**238.0 | 93**Np**(237) | 94**Pu**(244) | 95**Am**(243) | 96**Cm**(247) | 97**Bk**(247) | 98**Cf**(251) | 99**Es**(252) | 100**Fm**(257) | 101**Md**(258) | 102**No**(259) | 103**Lr**(260) |

Lanthanide series

Actinide series

Part 1 – Multiple Choice (30 points)

1. Which of the following exist in its natural state as a diatomic?
	1. helium
	2. iodine
	3. radium
	4. boron
2. Which of the following represents a tin(II) ion ?
	1. Sn2+
	2. Ti2+
	3. Te2+
	4. Tl2+
3. All chemical compounds must have a net charge of
	1. +1
	2. +2
	3. 0
	4. The charges of compounds can vary.
4. Which is a binary compound?
	1. H2
	2. H2O
	3. CaSO4
	4. KClO
5. Which compound’s name ends in -ide?
	1. KCl
	2. KClO
	3. KClO2
	4. KClO3
6. Which of the following elements will most likely form ions with a –2 charge?
	1. Cr
	2. Sr
	3. N
	4. Se
7. What is the molecular formula of a compound with the empirical formula CH2Cl and molar mass of 98.96 g?
	1. CH2Cl
	2. C3H6Cl3
	3. C2H4Cl2
	4. C4H8Cl4
8. Which statement is **incorrect**?
	1. one mole contains 6.02  1023 molecules.
	2. one molar mass equals one mole.
	3. one mole equals 6.02  1023 g of a compound.
	4. one mole of water contains the same number of molecules as one mole of carbon dioxide.
9. In which pair would both compounds have the same empirical formula?
	1. FeCl3 and FeCl2
	2. C2H4 and C3H6
	3. K2CrO4 and K2Cr2O7
	4. NaHCO3 and Na2CO3
10. In the following reaction: Ba + MgO → Mg + BaO
	1. Mg and BaO are products
	2. Mg and MgO are products
	3. Ba and MgO are products
	4. Ba and Mg are products
11. Reactions which liberate heat are
	1. endothermic.
	2. isothermic.
	3. protothermic.
	4. exothermic.
12. Gamma rays have
	1. neither mass nor charge.
	2. a mass of 4 amu.
	3. a charge of +2.
	4. a charge of –1.
13. A beta particle consists of
	1. one electron.
	2. one proton.
	3. one neutron.
	4. two protons and two neutrons.
14. In a nuclear reaction
	1. mass is lost.
	2. mass is gained.
	3. mass is converted into energy.
	4. energy is converted into mass.
15. Which is true about ionizing radiation?
	1. It dislocates bonding electrons and creates ions.
	2. It can damage DNA molecules.
	3. Both large acute doses and small chronic doses are harmful.
	4. All the above are true.

Part 2 – Nomenclature (12 points) Fill in the following chart with the correct name or formula as appropriate.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| IUPAC name | Chemical formula |
| potassium carbonate |  |
| sulfuric acid |  |
| titanium(III) oxide |  |
|  | NaClO4 |
|  | B3N5 |
|  | Cu(OH)2 |

Part 3 – 58 points Give all answers to the correct number of significant figures and include units where appropriate. Show clear set-up for each problem to receive credit.

1. (18 points) Cinnamoldehyde is the primary flavor component in cinnamon. Its IUPAC name is 4,4-dimethylaminocinnamaldehyde and its structure is shown on the right. Its chemical formula is C11H13NO.
	1. Calculate the molar mass of cinnamoldehyde.
	2. Calculate the number of moles cinnamoldehyde in a 648 g sample of cinnamoldehyde.
	3. Calculate the mass in grams of one molecule of cinnamoldehyde.
	4. Calculate the number of moles of carbon in a 3.52 mol sample of cinnamoldehyde.
	5. Calculate the mass of hydrogen in a 18.7 g sample of cinnamoldehyde.
	6. Calculate the mass of a sample of cinnamoldehyde that contains 2.48 x 1019 atoms of carbon.
2. (6 points) Determine the empirical formula of benzoyl peroxide, an ingredient in some topical acne products. It is composed of 69.42% C, 4.16% H, and 26.42% O.
3. (8 points) Balance the following chemical equations. Include state labels.
	1. Aqueous solutions of silver nitrate (AgNO3) and aluminum iodide (AlI3) are mixed together forming solid silver iodide (AgI) and aqueous aluminum nitrate(Al(NO3)3).
	2. Bi2S3(s) + HCl(aq) 🡪 BiCl3(aq) + H2S(g)
4. (3 points) Write a balanced equation for the decay of platinum-192 ($$) by alpha emission.
5. (3 points) Write a balanced nuclear equation for the decay of neptunium-239 ($$) by beta emission.
6. (3 points) The half life of I-123 is 13 hours. If a 120 mg sample of I-123 is administered to a patient, how many mg remain after 2 days and 4 hours (52 hours)?
7. (18 points) Matches contain tetraphosphorous trisulfide which when combined with an oxidizing agent such as potassium chlorate will ignite when shocked. The balanced equation for the reaction which takes place when a match is lit is shown below. Answer the following questions using this balanced chemical equation.

Potassium tetraphosphorus potassium tetraphosphorus sulfur

 chlorate trisulfide chloride decoxide dioxide

16 KClO3 + 3 P4S3 🡪 16KCl + 3 P4O10 + 9 SO2 + 8954 kJ

 122.6 g/mol 220.1 g/mol 74.55 g/mo 283.9 g/mol 64.07 g/mol

* 1. How many moles of potassium chlorate can react with 5.91 moles of tetraphosphorus trisulfide?
	2. How many grams of tetraphosphorus decoxide can be formed from the reaction of 46.2 g of tetraphosphorus trisulfide with excess potassium chlorate?
	3. How much energy will be produced if 500.0 grams of potassium chlorate react with excess P4S3?
	4. If 135 grams of tetraphosphorus trisulfide react with excess potassium chlorate to produce 103 grams of sulfur dioxide, what is the percent yield of the reaction?
	5. If 35.0 grams of tetraphosphorous trisulfide react with 90.0 g potassium chlorate, how many g of tetraphosphorus decoxide should be produced?